

THE GAZETTE.

TUESDAY MARCH 12

TO-DAY'S ANNIVERSARIES

Born: Bishop Berkeley, 1684.
John Thomas Desaguliers philosopher writer 1683.
Died: Decatur killed, 1820.
Shawnee killed, 1824.
Henry Bergh, 1858.
First Pennsylvania assembly, 1683.
Air pump invented, 1686.
Great blizzard in New York and surrounding country, 1888.

JOHN ERICSSON.

The more John Ericsson's character and achievements are considered, the more the New York Mail, the more unique and substantial its greatness appears. He was ready for every emergency that required original genius, creative resources, wide and accurate knowledge, and the courage of his athletic intellect. Of what other man of his class could it be said that a revolution in naval architecture was only a brilliant incident in a career of continuous triumphs as an engineer and inventor?

Just after Ericsson's Monitor sank the Merrimack and saved our great seaboard cities from the direct peril, the London Times said: "Yesterday England had a great navy. To-day she has but two warships worthy of the name." No other revolution in naval architecture was so sudden, so startling, so decisive of mighty results, so dramatic, and of such abiding and growing importance. Yet to Ericsson this achievement was but one of a long series of inventions, any one of which would have made him famous.

It was not accidental that the great old Scandinavian should have followed the descendants of his race to England and to America, in each of his successive new homes identifying himself with the people thereof and with their interests and contributing immensely to their power and prosperity. He followed the successful migrations of his race, whose genius for a naval warfare has been felt in English and in American history.

The telegraph announces the arrival at San Francisco of the Marquis Mayeda, a Japanese nobleman, delegated by his government to inspect the military and naval systems of western nations. This gentleman is the son of a provincial ruler, who, previous to the revolution of 1868, held the first place in the list of daimios. He was the feudal lord of Kaga, and the revenue of his territory was equivalent to not less than six million dollars a year, and often a great deal more. He was conspicuous for his opposition to the admission of foreigners, and in the convention of nobles gathered to discuss the means of resisting Commodore Perry's approach, he declared he would perish by the sword of his ancestors if he could not employ that weapon in the extermination of the hated strangers. Yet he lived to recognize the benefits of internal intercourse, and the magnificent grounds of his great mansion at Tokio, formerly a marvel of Oriental splendor and beauty, are now occupied by the Imperial University, founded upon American models for the purpose of disseminating western science. His immediate descendants received a foreign education, and several of them have served their country with distinction in diplomatic capacities. In the final readjustment of the peerage, some years ago, the house of Mayeda naturally expected to be recorded the highest titular rank next to the family of the sovereign, and an income not inferior to that of any nobleman; but he was not in alliance with the southern daimios, who then controlled the government, and, in addition, his claims were not skillfully or judiciously presented. But he retains, nevertheless, a superb fortune, and, whatever his normal station may be, his social position is equal to that of any member of the Japanese aristocracy. He will be one of the hereditary peers in the first national parliament, to be called together by the emperor, two years hence.

Sidney Bartlett, LL. D., who has just died in Boston, was a remarkable man in more senses than one. Of him it can with truth be said that he died full of years and labors. Less than a month ago—February 13—mention was made in the press of the country of Mr. Bartlett's twentieth birthday, and emphasis was laid on the fact that at four score and ten he was still

actively engaged in the practice of the law. The record has few parallels in our history. Mr. Bartlett has long been termed the Nestor of the Boston bar, and he was entitled to the post of leader, not only by reasons of years, but by reasons of ability, learning, experience and sagacity. To the last he was able to cope successfully with men in the full vigor of their prime. Mr. Bartlett's great powers showed no evidence of decline, although he had passed so far beyond the limits of working time allotted to the majority, and in the fullest meaning of the words he kept in harness to the last.

The gubernatorial contest now pending before the supreme court of Wisconsin has some features similar to the celebrated case of Bashford vs. Barstow before the Wisconsin supreme court in 1866. In that case, as in this, the jurisdiction of the court was denied by the respondent, on the ground that it was a political issue; that the court is only a co-ordinate branch of the government, and that the certificate of the returning board could not be set aside by judicial authority. But the court in the Wisconsin case took cognizance of the "bogus" supplemental returns and awarded the office to the relator, Bashford. The West Virginians conspirators refuse to announce the returns in several counties, and claim that the legislature only is competent to decide the issue. In both cases there is no question about the real merits of the case—that they were and are with the contestants.

Socially the new administration is well equipped, and life at the capital will be one of the charm which it is esteemed by many to be one of the president's highest functions to protect. The cabinet officers are all married, and all but one have large families whose efforts will be directed toward making the congressional session brilliant and full of incident. Three of the cabinet ministers' wives, Mrs. Blaine, Mrs. Windom and Rusk, have had previous experience in Washington, and the mistress of the white house and Mrs. McKim, who have been leaders of official society for years, will find nothing strange in their arduous but delightful duties.

Rear-Admiral J. H. Gillis, commanding the naval forces on the South Pacific station, has reported to the navy department from Montevideo, January 13th, the following movements of the vessels in his squadron: The Swatara arrived at Montevideo January 21st from Falkland Island. The Alliance, Tallapoosa and Kearsage were at Montevideo. The Enterprise, on the Mediterranean station, was to sail March 7th, by way of the Red sea to Zanzibar and the island of Madagascar.

Let us not despair of the French republic. Here is President Carnot writing a letter to the American base ball players, regretting his inability to attend one of the games which they played in Paris. If Carnot reflects the public sentiment of France in this matter—and it is fair to presume that he does—what is the matter with France? If she takes kindly to base ball, it is only reasonable to conclude that she is holding fast to the other cardinal institutions of the republicanism system.

It is understood that a good many people over in Pennsylvania are feeling that earthquake shock last Friday, and not recognizing what was happening, exclaimed: "That's John Wasmaker down at Washington getting to work among the mails."

HONORS TO ERICSSON.

They Were Paid to the Distinguished.

New York, March 15.—The remains of John Ericsson, designer of the Monitor, were escorted from the old house in which he had labored so long at 32 Beach street, to Trinity church Monday morning, where the funeral was held at noon. The delinquent men were closed and nearly all the men turned out to do honor to the founder of the factory. A large delegation from Amnarytus lodge of Odd Fellows, of which Capt. Ericsson was a member, took part in the obsequies, and Swedish and other societies to which he belonged were also represented. The pall-bearers, twenty-four in number, included Col. Ingersoll, S. W. Taylor, Capt. Ericsson's chief engineer and private secretary, Prof. Ogden Doremus and John K. Hawkins, of London. By order of Secretary Tracy all officers stationed at the Brooklyn navy yard, both in the department and those attached to vessels, attended the funeral in full uniform.

Capt. Ericsson left directions that the beach street house should be kept running for a year after his death, in which time those of his inventions not entirely finished will be completed, as all there is to be done is to put into shape the plans and models he left behind.

A Day's Necrology.
At Bloomington, Ill., Dr. Blanchard, the leading doctor of Minooka, Woodford county, was found lying dead at a little pool by the roadside. It is supposed he felt faint and going to the water there died from some sudden illness; at Sioux City, Iowa, Robert W. Coe, one of the pioneers of the city, died from heart disease; at Clinton, Ill., Benjamin Miller, an old settler, and a farmer and stockman of wide acquaintance; at Centralia, Ill., William E. Maitland, aged 52 years; at Carthage, Ill., Dr. John Miller, aged 83; Mrs. Sarah Hamilton, aged 64, and John Baldon, aged 44; at Burlington, Iowa, John Graham, an old and well-known citizen, aged 75.

Beauty Without Paint.
What makes my skin so dark and muddy? My cheeks were once so smooth and ruddy; I use the lovely maiden skin.

"That's not the cure, my charming Miss," The doctor said, "keep your skin white, and your skin will keep from taint, discard the powder and the paint."

"The proper thing for all such ills is this," remarked the man of pills: "to rub the blood and make it pure—in this you'll find the only cure."

P. P. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will do this without fail. It has no equal. All druggists.

Crochery, Glassware, Lamps, Lanterns, Dinner Sets, Tea Sets, and Water Sets, at The Magnet.

THESE ARE LUCKY ONES.

Plums Picked from Uncle Sam's Tree.

LIST OF THE FIRST HARRISON APPOINTEES.

Arrangements for Congressman Townsend's Funeral—The Crop Report—Senatorial Chairmanships.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The President sent the following nominations to the Senate Monday.

Thomas W. Palmer of Michigan to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States to Spain.

John P. Swift of California to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States to Japan.

John D. Washburne of Massachusetts to be minister resident and consul-general of the United States to Switzerland.

George Tichenor, Illinois to be assistant secretary of the treasury, vice Isaac I. Maynard, resigned.

The Senate, on motion of Mr. Sherman, took into executive session to consider the nominations. At 1:40 o'clock the doors were reopened and the Senate adjourned. In executive session the nominations were ordered referred to the appropriate committees. There was some surprise expressed at the failure to confirm ex-Senator Palmer's nomination at once, but a Senator explained that the rule of immediate confirmation, save in the case of Cabinet officers, was confined to Senators. Mr. Palmer is not now a Senator, and while every Senator, it is said, wished to vote for him, it is deemed best not to depart from the rule.

THE NEW APPOINTEES.

Sketches of the Men Whom the President Has Honored.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Thomas Withers, who gets the Spanish mission, is a native of Ohio, and is a trifle more than 53 years old. When he was 13 years old he went to St. Clair, then the village of Palmer, to school. After leaving there he entered the freshman class of the University of Michigan, remaining a year. He was compelled to relinquish his studies on account of trouble with his eyes. After spending some time in the upper peninsula he returned to his home, but only remained a few months, the same difficulty with his eyes again presenting itself. In 1848 he went to Europe, traveling through Spain, thence journeyed to South America, and later came north to New Orleans. He went to Wisconsin in 1850, and after a short experience as a merchant in Appleton, Wis., he returned to Detroit in 1853, where he engaged in the real estate business. In 1845, at the age of 23, he married Miss Lizzie P. Merrill. His father and his father-in-law were both very largely interested in plantations and lumber, and he was heir to their property and successor to their business. He has so well managed his property that he now has a large income. He is a member of the firm of Merrill & Co. of East Saginaw and a special partner in the firm of McGraw & Montgomery, at Muskegon. He owns mills at the Palmetto, Muskegon county, and elsewhere.

Since the organization of the Republican party Senator Palmer has been an active member of it. He was a candidate for member of the Board of Estimates in Detroit in 1873. In 1876 he was one of the candidates before the convention for Congress. In 1878 Mr. Palmer was elected to the Senate from the Second district. In 1880, at the Jackson State convention, Mr. Palmer was a prominent candidate for the gubernatorial nomination. He declined a Congressional nomination in 1880.

John P. Swift.
The California representative is greatly pleased with the nomination of John P. Swift as minister to Japan. He is a native of Missouri, but settled in California many years ago and has long been prominent in the politics of the State. He is little more than 50 years of age, and has acquired wealth and retired from the active practice of law. He is a learned and affable man of bright wit and fine constitutional powers, and is a successful author. He has traveled nearly all over the world and possesses a fund of information of places and people. His social qualities make his company sought by who know him. He has the reputation of one of the very best tellers and after-dinner speakers in the country. He is well versed in Oriental diplomatic matters, having been one of the negotiators of the treaty with China in 1880, known as the Swift, Angel and Trecoff treaty. He was the Republican candidate for Governor of California in 1886, and wrote the famous anti-Chinese petition which was presented to the Senate two or three years ago.

J. D. Washburn.
J. D. Washburn is about 55 years old, a graduate of Harvard, very wealthy and aristocratic, and a lawyer by profession, but not practicing. He has taken an active interest in politics and made speeches in Maine for Mr. Blaine in 1884. A few years ago he spent some time in Cuba on account of a mental malady, but has entirely disappeared. He is a trustee in the new Clark university at Worcester, which is heavily endowed, and it is said that he desires to spend some years in Switzerland for the benefit of the university.

George C. Tichenor.
The appointment of George C. Tichenor for Assistant Secretary of the Treasury was personal selection by Secretary Windom, and the choice is highly commended by members of both parties. Mr. Tichenor was appointed a clerk in the customs division in 1878 and has been continuously in the service since that date. He has been a special agent, looking after the interests of the government in regard to undervaluations. Mr. Tichenor served in an Iowa regiment and received eleven wounds. This is the first time that an expert in the customs laws and customs decisions has held the office since John F. Hartwell, who was appointed under Secretary McCulloch in 1865 and held the office for ten years.

Resignations Tendered.
WASHINGTON, March 12.—Judge Carey, solicitor of the treasury, has tendered his resignation, to take effect upon the qualification of his successor.

Mr. E. B. Youmans, chief clerk of the treasury department, has placed his resignation at the disposal of Secretary Windom. This is a position of a confidential character and will probably be among the first to be considered.

Senatorial Chairmanships.
WASHINGTON, March 12.—It is reported that the chairmanships vacated last session have been filled as follows: Agriculture, Algonquin; S. Paddock, engrossed bills, Wilkinson; Civil, enrolled bills, Charles F. Farwell; manufactures, James S. McMillan; railroads, John H. Mitchell. Mr. Quay, who stood next in line for chairmanship of the committee on manufactures, declined to accept it for the reason, it is said, that there was no desirable committee-man attached and the position itself is of no more importance than the one he already held. Mr. McMillan is said to better provided for on a committee than any new Senator for the past quarter of a century. Senator Washburn takes Senator Palmer's place on the committee of commerce.

THE DEAD MEN.

The Funeral Services at Washington—Resolutions of Respect.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Owing to the illness of Mrs. Townsend and her daughters it has been deemed best to postpone the present the removal of the body of Representative Townsend to Illinois. The funeral will take place in this city Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock, and the remains will be deposited in a vault in one of the cemeteries of the city.

The services will be at St. Matthew's church (Catholics) and the following will be the pall-bearers: Chief Justice Fuller, Commissioner Morrison, ex-Congressman S. S. Marshall, A. E. Stevenson, W. A. J. Sparks, and Commissioner Black. The committee from the Senate and House to attend the funeral are composed of the following gentlemen: Senators Cullom, Farwell, Blackburn, Kenna; Representatives Springer, Yoder, Tracey, Maish, Allen of Mississippi, and Springer of Rhode Island.

The Illinois people in Washington held a meeting at Willard's hotel Monday night to take some formal action expressive of their sorrow at the death of Richard W. Townsend. Chief Justice Fuller presided, and all of the prominent people from the State were present, including also several prominent members of Congress and all of the members of the Illinois delegation, which Mr. Townsend was the chairman. Appropriate resolutions were passed.

THE CROPS.
Official for March Report of Cereals Still on Hand.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The statistical report of the department of agriculture for March says the amount of corn still on hand is 39.6 per cent. The surplus amounts to 737,000,000 bushels, of which the seven corn surplus states have 499,000,000 bushels. The proportion merchantable averages 83 per cent. The March average price for merchantable corn is 33.9 cents per bushel; for unmerchantable, 22.8 cents per bushel. The surplus of the seven states, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, and Nebraska, 35.6 cents per bushel.

The quantity of wheat on hand March 1 is estimated at 112,000,000 bushels. The lowest State percentages are in the principal wheat growing States, as follows: Ohio, 27; Michigan, 33; Indiana, 34; Illinois, 35; Wisconsin, 35; Minnesota, 36; Iowa, 32; Missouri, 37; Kansas, 24; Nebraska, 31; Dakota, 24. In these States the quantity on hand is less than in March last by about 21,000,000 bushels.

THE PORTER'S GOLDEN WEDDING.

Admiral Porter and Wife Celebrate the 50th Anniversary of Their Marriage.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Admiral and Mrs. Porter celebrated their golden wedding anniversary Monday night by a large reception, for which over one thousand invitations had been issued. The guests included the President, Vice President, and Mrs. Harrison and the Executive family, the Judiciary, the officers of the army and navy, and the members of Congress. One of the unique features of the evening was the presence of Mrs. Harrison, who was a golden slipper formed of yellow China asters and immortelles beset with puritan roses. Attached to this was a card inscribed on one side with the lines: "O thou golden slipper, slip thou have lain away. I will wear them again on my wedding-day." President Harrison was among the guests, and was accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Russell, Harrison and Mr. and Mrs. McKee. A delightful supper was served, and all present took part in the toast to the health, long life, and happiness of the two who fifty years ago were made one.

No News of the Nipals.
WASHINGTON, March 12.—At the State and navy departments the same reply, "We have no information," is made in answer for news regarding the alleged death of the British steamer, the Walker. Blaine says that the department of State utterly discredits the story and is free from apprehension on the subject.

The Old Administration Going to Cuba.
WASHINGTON, March 12.—Ex-President Cleveland, Messrs. Bayard, Fairchild, Lamont, and possibly Mr. Whitney start for a "tour of duty" visit to Cuba Monday. They were to have started yesterday, but Mr. Bayard could not get away.

Issue of Silver Dollars.
WASHINGTON, March 12.—The issue of standard silver dollars from the mints for the week ended March 9 amounted to \$372,750. The issue during the corresponding week of last year was \$391,564.

OVER 6,000 STRIKE.

Fall River, Mass., Weavers Move for an Advance in Wages.

FALL RIVER, Mass., March 12.—The weavers' strike for an advance in wages occurred Monday. The movement is one of the most general in the history of labor troubles here. All the weaving departments within fifty miles are practically shut down, and over 6,000 weavers are idle. Those who refused to strike do not number half enough to keep one mill going.

The extent of the resistance is quite a surprise to the managers, who expected that a few mills should be involved. They thought the help would be so much divided as to the wisdom of a strike at present that this circumstance would discourage the movement in a few days. The operatives, however, are pledged to the unanimous sentiment of resistance displayed and predict an early victory. They claim that they can afford to maintain the strike for several weeks. It is the impression that the managers can give an advance at present prices for cloth and can still afford to curtail production for even a short period. The board of trade says, however, that no advance will be given and a bitter struggle is anticipated.

Three thousand weavers assembled in mass-meeting in the park Monday morning. Reports to the executive committee of the union showed that the weavers in every print-cloth mill in the city had quit work, and that the strike was general. Weavers at a few mills had gone to work Monday, but were expected to come out. Addresses were made by members of the executive committee congratulating the weavers on the success of the strike, and urging all to stand together. A New York newspaper man, who is a member of the Central Labor union of the city, also addressed the crowd, urging united action and the importance of organization. It was announced at the meeting that the agent of the Fossacet mill has offered a compromise, and wished to meet a committee of weavers to listen to a proposition from him. Another meeting will be held at 10 o'clock Tuesday morning.

Swept by the Tide of Popularity.
To the utmost pinnacle of success. He-tetter's Stomach Bitters stands a shining proof of what genuine merit, backed by the living force of proven facts, can attain. The North and South American continents, Europe, Australia, the West Indies, Guatemala and Mexico have all contributed wide patronage and testimony of the most favorable kind—but unsolicited—to swell the reputation of this sterling remedy. Among the maladies for which the most convincing public and professional testimony proves that it is a benign curative, are chills and fever, bilious remittent, dumb ague and ague cake, dyspepsia, liver complaint, nervousness, debility, kidney and bladder complaints. It mitigates the infirmities of age, hastens convalescence, has a tendency to prevent ill consequences from exposure and urbanity. Persons of sedentary habits and laborious occupations will find it an ever useful tonic.

THE WISCONSIN LEGISLATURE

A Large Number of Petitions for and Against the Local Option Bill.

Considerable Business Disposed of in Both Houses this Morning.

Special to the Gazette.

MADISON, March 12.—In the assembly this morning the usual number of petitions, both for and against the local option law were presented.

A large number of dead head bills were reported by substitute, including one to establish the office of state printer. Also one to punish people who slander communities.

The senate bills were concurred in: Providing for new record of highways. To appropriate one thousand dollars to the State Firemen's Association. To appropriate one thousand five hundred dollars to the Convict Labor Committee.

Granting Racine the right to establish an electric plant.

Establishing terms of court in the Fifteenth circuit.

To appropriate two thousand dollars a year for the governor's contingent fund.

Bills were passed to authorize municipal court judges to remove children from homes when neglected, abused or improperly cared for.

Permitting the organization of local insurance companies.

Requiring town insurance companies to pay losses on live stock in uninsured buildings.

To prevent minors playing pool or pigeon-hole.

Authorizing sheriffs to give deeds of property sold by their predecessors in office.

Forbidding baiting and fighting of birds, dogs and cats.

To punish training for prize fights.

Accepting terms and conditions of government aid to agricultural experiments station.

The senate passed the following bills:

To appropriate fifty thousand dollars for the Wapasha home.

To appropriate for printing ballots at public expense.

To provide that convicts who behave shall receive a share of their earnings on release.

To authorize the governor to name an arbiter day.

To increase the term of recaptured escaped convicts.

TWO KILLED; MANY HURT.

Terrible Boiler Explosion in the Cleveland (Ohio) Rolling Works.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, March 12.—A boiler, 100 feet long, exploded Monday afternoon in the forging department of the Cleveland rolling mills and instantly killed two men and wounded eleven other persons. The killed are:

JAMES HARR, a helper, aged 38.

THOMAS DORSEY, the foreman, aged 30.

The wounded are:

ANTON VANDERKOPPE, skull fractured and arm broken.

FRANK GALUSKI, shoulder badly injured.

JOHN SCORRIG, Jr., ugly scalp wound.

HUGH GRABHAM, chest bruised.

JOHN SCZELAGA, scalp wound.

Mrs. CALAJA, head injured.

MARY VARGO, left arm broken.

PATRICK KELLY, wound on the left temple.

ALEXANDER CLARK, two severe scalp wounds.

BARNET ROBINSON, head cut.

JOHN BOYD, scalp wound.

One piece of the boiler went west, and crashing into Hugh Graham's house, 50 feet away, bounded off and buried itself beneath the foundations of a house a dozen yards distant. Graham, who works at night, was sleeping, and his wife, who is ill, was also in bed in another part of the house. Just before the fragment struck Graham's house it wrecked his coal house. In it were Mrs. John Solaga and Mrs. Calaja. The other fragment of the boiler went west 1,600 feet and demolished an out-house in which was Mary Vargo, 4 years old. There were thirty men near the boiler when it exploded. The mill was damaged \$4,000.

A Dog Causes a Fire.
CHICAGO, March 12.—Henry Marks' tailor shop was burned this morning, the fire being started in a peculiar manner. Marks was building his fire in the morning when his big Newfoundland dog, in its playful antics under its master, upset the stove, setting fire to the building. The loss is estimated at \$31,000, partially insured.

Fatal Explosion at Sea.
NEW BEDFORD, Mass., March 12.—A dispatch from Acquimann, on the west coast of Africa, states that Capt. Holmes of the whaling bark Sea Fox, an officer and servant was killed and five of the crew burned by the explosion of a whaling bomb gun.

Killed by a Falling Tree.
NORTPORT, Mich., March 12.—William Sanborn, a wealthy farmer, was killed Saturday night by a falling tree on his farm.

"She is Grateful."
"I saved the life of my little girl by a prompt use of Dr. Achard's English Remedy for Consumption."—Mrs. Wm. V. HARRMAN, New York. PRESTICE & EYENSON, druggists.

Pear's Soap is the most elegant toilet adjunct.

WALL PAPER
DAMAGED BY FIRE.

Sold at : Half : Price,

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FULL WEIGHT PURE

DR. PRICE'S

CREAM

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POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE

Its superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States Government. Endorsed by the heads of the Great Transatlantic Steam Lines, the Strongest, Purest, and most Healthful. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Alumina, Lime or Arsenic. Sold only in cans.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.

NEW YORK. CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.

J. L. FORD.

The First to Show a Complete Line of Plain and Fancy

Spring Overcoats, Spring Suits, Spring Pants.

The Finest Line that will be shown this season in

All the Latest Patterns and Shades

From the cheapest to the Best

Fit Guaranteed!

We are now in shape to please you in all grades of

New Spring Hats

At Prices that are Exceedingly Low.

Also remember that we make

A Special Effort!

To keep the "Correct" Styles in

SHIRTS, COLLARS, CUFFS and NECKWEAR.

Colors and Shapes to Please EVERYONE.

Remember early purchasers always secure the best selections.

Merchant Tailor and Gents' Furnisher, 51 West Milwaukee St.

22 NEW ARTICLES FOR THE PRICE OF 1

30 DAY

MAFACOR

300 gals. Caudin. P.O. Adams. WOULD BE. 122 N. W. 30th St. N.

PLUMBING.

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GAS FITTING.

Steam and Hot Water Heating. PUMPS AND REPAIRS. Sewer and Cesspool Building.

H. E. MERRILL & CO.

Corn Exchange Square.

Chicago Store

THE BARGAIN GIVERS FOR THIS WEEK

OFFER GREAT BARGAINS,

IN OUR

Clothing Department.

Boys Knee Pants 35, 50, 65, 75c
Boys long pants 49c per yard
Men's working pants 75c and 55c
Men's extra heavy pants and vests \$1.00
Boys Suits 1.50, 2.00, \$2.75
Men's working shirts 25, 35, 40c
Men's Suits 3.50, 4.75, \$6.75
Men's Fancy shirts 48c
Better goods proportionally low. In our

Dry Goods Department

Satin Merveilleux—all colors 95c per yard
Silk Plushes—all colors 49c per yard
Silk Plushes, extra wide—all colors 95c per yard
All wool cashmeres—all colors 48c per yard
Good gingham 6c per yard
Immense assortment of embroideries 5 and 10c per yard
Jersey Jackets, 35, 50, 75, \$1.00
Babies lace caps 15, 20, 25, 38, 50c
50 pieces all silk ribbons 5, 8, 12, 15, 20c per yard
Also are selling at extra low prices, Corsets, Hosiery, Lace Curtains, Dress Goods, Draperies, Bead and Steel Trimmings.

Millinery Department.

Spring styles. Children's tricycle caps and felt hats

Trunks and Valises.

Carpets and Floor Oil Cloths.

This department we shall discontinue after the present stock is sold; there are will sell at a loss to close; also will close our

TINWARE AND GLASSWARE.

Therefore offer articles at 3, 5 and 10c, worth double these figures. Don't forget that we are the Leaders and Bargain Givers.

CHILDS & CO., Chicago Store,

Corner West Milwaukee and River Streets, Janesville, Wis.

Resignation

Is a good thing to possess in these days of Assignee Sales. We have no goods to sell at 50 cents on the dollar, but we are prepared to give you GENUINE BARGAINS on the most

Complete Line of Spring Suits

ever offered in Janesville, from a paper collar to a fine Overcoat, and everything new and

fresh, and in style. We have

Children's Suits, Boys' Suits, Youths' Suits, Men's Suits

And Pantaloon till you can't rest. Our

Hats, Caps, and Gent's Furnishing Goods

are new and nobby and at prices that will surprise you. We keep Traveling Bags, Trunks and Valises, in great variety. Don't fail to look us over before buying.

T. J. ZIEGLER, Smith's Block.

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TREATS—
Medical and Surgical Diseases of Women
AND CHILDREN EXCLUSIVELY.
OFFICE—Over Court's Jewelry store. Hours:
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THOR. JUDD,
DENTIST.
OFFICE—Ct. Milwaukee and Franklin Sts.
JANESVILLE—Corner South
and School Streets.

WILSON LANE,
Attorney-at-Law,
OFFICE:
Over Merchants & Mechanics' Savings Bank
Jeffrie's Block.
JANESVILLE - WISCONSIN

S. H. HAYNER,
Resident Piano Tuner
AND
TEACHER OF VIOLIN AND VIOLA.
Twenty-one years' experience. Best of refer-
ence and satisfaction guaranteed. Address
or consult at 101 N. Main St., Janesville, Wis.
Order book at King & Kelley's.

ODDEN B. FETHERS,
MALCOLM G. JEFFRIES,
CHARLES L. RIFFORD
Fethers, Jeffries & Fifeild
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS,
Over Merchants & Mechanics' Savings Bank.
JANESVILLE, WIS.

MISS BENEDICT,
Piano and Class Training in Vocal Music
Room, Opposite Postoffice.
Pupils for piano received at any time and
classified according to grade of advancement.
Instruction in advanced piano, voice, and
singing. Also, a course in musical notation.
Pupils for piano received at any time and
classified according to grade of advancement.
Instruction in advanced piano, voice, and
singing. Also, a course in musical notation.

NOLAN & CUNNINGHAM,
Attorneys and Counselors,
Room 2, Carpenter Block
JANESVILLE, WIS.

**Real Estate, Insurance
AND LOAN AGENCY**
OF
J. G. SAXE,
Is now prepared to buy and sell
Farm, Western lands, Houses and Lots.
Business blocks, and will give you better bar-
gains than any in the northwest.
Money loaned at 6 per cent. & con-
siderable discount.
Office in South's Block, Janesville, Wis.
aptly.

Chickering Hall,
(Room 2) 5th Avenue, N. Y.
"Having witnessed the excellent results of
Mr. EDWIN E. LAYTON'S instruction on the
piano, I heartily recommend him as an in-
structor of superior ability, and a gentleman
whose excellent qualities should be com-
mended to everyone."
FRANKLIN SONNEKALB
Former pupil of Chickering Hall, and of the
Columbia Conservatory.

D. CONGER,
REAL ESTATE BROKER.
Does a general real estate and loan business.
Makes all papers relating thereto. Always has
on hand the latest and best of all the
FARMERS' AND WESTERN LANDS, for sale and
exchange. OFFICE over Post Office.
JANESVILLE, WIS.

THE HOME
Life Insurance Company
OF NEW YORK
Cash Assets - \$8,500,000.00
Policy Holders Surplus - \$1,250,000.00
The Home offers a Life Insurance cheaper
and gives you more security than any one of
the largest Life Insurance companies in Amer-
ica.
N. DEARBORN, AGENT.
For Southern Wisconsin, No. 8 Lapin's block
Janesville, Wis. Jewell's

R. A. WHEELER,
PRACTICAL HORSE SHOE
CORNERS OF COURT AND PARK STS.
Special attention given to carriage horses.

G. COGSWELL & CO.
Closing Sale. Two Weeks More.
If You need Shoes within a Year Don't
Wait Any Longer.

LADIES' SHOES	Formerly
\$1.25, \$2.00, \$3.00.	1.75, 2.50, \$4.00.
MEN'S SHOES	Formerly
\$1.50, \$2.00, \$3.	2.00, 2.50, \$4.00.

MEN'S EMBROIDERED AND LEATHER SLIPPERS - 50 to \$1.00
Formerly \$1.00 to \$2.50

Everything Goes.
Fixtures For Sale.

Armstrong Mfr. Co.
242 Canal Street New York.
PATENT DUPLEX VENTILATED GARTER
Duplex Ventilated Garters & Armlets.
Our well merited success for the past
eighteen years, has induced imitators to place an inferior article
upon the market. If you want the genuine, reliable goods,
take none without our Trade Mark, which is on all four boxes,
and also on the clasp of every garter.

INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE
Leading Insurance Companies!
OF AMERICA AND EUROPE.
They can truthfully be said to be
TIME - TRIED - AND - FIRE - TESTED,
ALSO THE
Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Co.
The best institution of the kind in the world, and the old Travelers Accident In-
surance Co. THE LARGEST IN THE WORLD. Collect for past favors and solicit
a continuance of the same, I am,
Very Respectfully,
SILAS HAYNER, Agent.

HANCHETT & SHELDON.
— DEALERS AT —
Wholesale and Retail
Have now on hand the largest and best selected stock of
HARDWARE!
IRON, WAGON STOCK, NAILS, BUILDERS' HARDWARE,
Stoves, Tinware, Etc.,
To be found in Southern Wisconsin, and will make prices on same
THAT WILL DEFY COMPETITION.
Among their specialties in Stoves this season may be found the
CELEBRATED
WEST POINT PARLOR HEATER
Favorite Wood and Coal Ranges and Stoves.
Gold Medal, Magic Jewel Cook Stoves
MONITOR OAK.
And the best and cheaper line of COAL and WOOD HEATERS in the
market. Do not fail to examine our stock before buying.
Remember, First Class Tin Shop with Experienced Workmen.

THE GAZETTE.
TUESDAY MARCH 12
PUBLISHED BY THE GAZETTE PRINTING COM-
PANY OF JANESVILLE, WIS. TERMS: DAILY \$2.00
PER YEAR, PAYABLE MONTHLY. WEEKLY
\$1.00 PER YEAR. CASH IN ADVANCE.
NICHOLAS SMITH,
H. P. BLISS,
TREASURER AND MANAGER. WM. BLADON,
JOHN C. HENNER, WM. BLADON, SECRETARY.
CITY EDITOR.

VETOED BILLS ARE VOID.
REMARKABLE DISCOVERY IN INDIANA.
The Report on the Insane Hospital
Frauds—Work of Illinois and
Michigan Legislators.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 12.—Both
houses of the Legislature, gathered to-
day Monday, after passing the bill permit-
ting municipalities to charge saloon licen-
ses of \$250. The committee investigating the
alleged irregularities at the Indianapolis
Hospital for Insane, reported that the
charges made against the Harrison-Green
management are true. Gross corruption
and irregularity are found to have existed.
A defalcation of \$3,000 in the institution's
accounts is reported. The committee recom-
mends that the prosecuting attorney for
Marion county bring proceedings against
Treasurer Gaper. A defalcation of \$17,964
in bills allowed, but unpaid, is found.
The removal of State-keeper Hall is re-
commended on account of inefficiency.
The committee finds that Superintendent
Galbraith came into his office with his ex-
press stipulation that he was not to in-
terfere with the business of the institu-
tion and with the further understanding
that Dr. Howard, of whose capacity he
knew nothing, should be given an office.
Hall has shown himself to be not qualified
to discharge the duties of so responsible a
position as superintendent.
The report finds that large sums of hospi-
tal money (from \$1,000 to \$8,500) were
loaned monthly by Treasurer Gaper to
John E. Sullivan, without security and in
violation of law, while persons holding
checks were compelled to await payment
for the want of funds which had not been
deposited in bank. This system was con-
tinued until fifty over \$4,000 of the
money received by Gaper from the State
treasury was carried off by Sullivan, leav-
ing Gaper indebted to the fund in that
sum. Gaper gave \$3,000 loans. One of
his two bondsmen is wholly insolvent and
the other has failed financially since the
execution of the bond, but is now worth
\$10,000. Gaper unlawfully appropriated
to his own use several thousand dollars of
hospital funds, and by reason of his being
a defaulter a suit in criminal procedure
is recommended.
The report was adopted and ordered
spread on the minutes of both houses.
After adjournment it leaked out that all
the bills vetoed by the Governor and re-
passed by the Democratic majority bears
the signatures of the clerk of the House
and secretary of the Senate. It is main-
tained by opponents of vetoed legislation
that these are fatal defects and that all
these measures are null and void.
Among the bills vetoed by the Senate passed
by the House for the taxation of the tele-
phone companies operating in the State
and sent them to the House. Somehow the
telephone bill was lost or stolen and did
not reach the House until yesterday, when
it was passed under a suspension of the rules.
ILLINOIS SOLONS.
Short Sessions the Order in Both
Branches.
SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 12.—Far less
than a quorum was present when the
House met Monday afternoon, the session
lasting for three-quarters of an hour. By
unanimous consent Mr. Hurst's bill to
authorize cities and villages to convey real
or personal estate and their right and title
therein whenever the same shall be no
longer necessary or useful was read a
second time and ordered to third reading.
Mr. Lester introduced a bill making April
30, 1899, a legal holiday.
Mr. Pepon introduced a bill amending
the criminal code by fixing the punishment
for seduction of females at imprisonment in
the penitentiary for five years or a fine not
exceeding \$1,000 and imprisonment in the
county jail for one year.
Mr. Miller, from the committee, reported
back the Eckhart-Baker telephone bill, and
it was ordered to third reading.
Among the bills vetoed by the Senate
Mr. Cochrane's bill to prevent distilla-
tion from dumping any mash, still or other
material that has been subject to distilla-
tion into any stream or lake, and Mr.
O'Toole's bill to amend the law relating
to armed men into the State for police duty.
A lively discussion was precipitated in
the House in the evening over the advisa-
bility of the General Assembly adopting
resolutions denouncing the act of British
censorship and in criticism of the existing
Tory government in England. The resolu-
tions were finally referred to the com-
mittee on foreign relations.
Ten Senators were present when the
Senate was called to order. Two bills
were introduced, both of which will be
likely to meet with objection. The first
was introduced by Senator Bassett of Peo-
ria. It seeks to amend section 11 of the
banking law, which was adopted by the
people at the last general election, so as to
provide that "in cities of over 10,000 in-
habitants" banks may be organized under
the general banking law "with a capital
of less than \$100,000."
Senator Rinehardt introduced a bill to
repeal the act of 1859 establishing record-
ing courts in the cities of Peru and La
Salle.
Michigan Solons.
LANSING, Mich., March 12.—The Senate
was called to order at 9 p. m. Senate bills
were passed providing for two justices of
the peace in Grand Rapids at a salary of
\$1,400 each; to prevent junk dealers from
chasing government property; to amend the
law with reference to garnishments ap-
propriating \$125 from the general fund
for each of the years 1888-9 for publishing
reports of superintendents of the poor; ap-
propriating \$3,000 for the year 1888-9
to 1890 for the purchase of books for the
State library, and a House bill with refer-
ence to the powers of highway commis-
sioners in the township of Republic, upper
peninsula. A large number of petitions
were presented favoring woman suffrage,
and a remonstrance against the township
district system of schools.
Conflict of Authority at Indianapolis.
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 12.—The
board of police and fire commissioners
elected by the Legislature, organized Mon-
day and chose Capt. Colbert of the police
force as superintendent. Colbert and a com-
mittee of the police force from Superin-
tendent Travis, who declined to surrender.
Colbert then read a list of officers appoint-
ed by the new board and instructed them
to appear at the court house and be sworn
in. The new commissioners selected a new
fire chief, but failed to make a demand for
possession of the department.
Russia at the Bottom of It.
PARIS, March 12.—It is reported that
the Russian government ordered the with-
drawal of 25,000,000 francs which it has
on deposit in the Comptoir d'Escompte and
this was the principal cause of its trouble
last week.
THE BREATH OF A CHRONIC CATARRH
patient is often so offensive that he becomes
an object of disgust. After a time ul-
ceration sets in, the spungy bones are at-
tacked, and frequently even destroyed.
A constant source of discomfort is the
dripping of the purulent secretions into
the throat, sometimes producing inverte-
brate bronchitis, which in its turn has been
the exciting cause of pulmonary disease.
The brilliant results which have attended
its use for years past properly designate
Ely's Cream Balm as by far the best and
only cure.

THE NEWS AT A GLANCE.
Dubuque, Iowa.—Navigation on the up-
per Mississippi has opened.
Belgrade.—The Cabinet has decided to
reduce the army by one-half.
London.—The Queen has approved the
appointment of Sir John Parnell as
British minister to the United States.
Marion, Ind.—David Moore and Reuben
Pulley, farm hands, were arrested for at-
tempting to pass a forged check for \$175.
Crown Point, Ind.—Elisha C. Field has
resigned his position as circuit clerk, be-
cause he is unable to perform the duties
to become general solicitor for the Monon
road.
Livonia, Mich.—Charles Palmer, who
was convicted of assaulting Mrs. Pierson,
was sentenced to twenty years in the Mich-
igan State prison.
San Francisco, Cal.—Rear Admiral
Belknap, former commander at Mare
Island navy yard, has sailed for China to
take command of the Asiatic squadron.
Uniontown, Pa.—Five masked robbers
entered the house of J. Galvin Core, a
prominent farmer, and held him and his
wife and a hired girl, stole \$300 and es-
caped.
St. Paul, Minn.—Charles S. Fell, gen-
eral passenger agent of the Northern Pa-
cific railway, pronounces the tale of the
murder of John Dillinger by Harry
Core and a hired girl, stole \$300 and es-
caped.
A bright-looking German girl, aged 13
years, who resides with her grandparents
on Fourth street, was the first witness ex-
amined. She testified that her mother was
killed by a bullet fired from a revolver
or January. He was on Fourth street
when she first saw him, at the other man's
laundry; another girl was with her. "I
have been there," she continued, "from
two to three times a week since January;
the first time I went to get some laundry
work; was there five minutes. The last
time in February he gave me a pair of
socks; he gave me oranges and Chinese
cakes; he had some Chinese candy, but
never gave me any. Sometimes he gave
us (two or three girls generally going to-
gether) 5, 10 or 15 cents each; Hal Ding
gave me a pair of skates in January; he
also gave me a pair of bracelets." Witness
then told in detail how he had misused her
and a companion on various occasions. The
terrible truth of just what was accom-
plished was told by the girl, between sobs
and tears. At this time, she said, he gave
her 25 cents. Cross-examination did not
shake her story.
Two more little girls swore to substan-
tially the same thing giving under cross-
examination the most revolting details.
A physician, Doctor Brown, testified that
the condition of the witnesses was such as
to make their statements entirely probable.
One witness was then sworn for the de-
fense. She was a 12-year-old girl who
had been in the laundries with others.
Under cross-examination she made admis-
sions very damaging to the defense. The
charging was then adjourned and the
prisoners marched to jail in a square
of twenty policemen followed by the crowd.
After the noon adjournment a crowd of
men and boys made demonstrations in front
of several laundries. At that time, Harry
No. 618 Chestnut street, several bricks
were thrown through the windows and a
frightened celestial came out and ran. He
was not injured, except that his nose was
bruised. He did not intend to hit one of
the men, but he was thrown. At another laundry several men
with a garden force-pump and hose stood
in the gutter and threw a stream of dirty
water over the clothes. Under cross-examination
the witnesses testified that the bricks
were thrown through the window at a
laundry on Fourth street, a short dis-
tance north of Grand avenue. A Chinaman
came out and ran to the St. Paul depot,
followed by a large crowd of men. The
men remained behind and pulled down his sign.
In each case the police were telephoned
for, but the crowd, which in no case
numbered more than two or three hundred,
disappeared before the police arrived. Early
in the evening a laundry at Fifth and
Wells streets had bricks thrown through
the window. These riotous demonstrations
in no wise checked the mob, and the
life of no Chinaman was in danger, but
probably in danger, but nearly everyone
in Milwaukee, from the millionaire to the
pauper, seems to indorse the proposition
that the Chinese must go, and this is true
as the best means to accomplish that
result. There is no doubt that all will be
driven from the city within a very few
days.
Late in the evening a Chinaman, whose
place on Walnut street had been attacked
earlier in the day, being afraid to sleep
there, started for Mitchell street on the
South side to stay with the other celestials
who had fled to that side. When some
down Reed street a crowd gathered and
ran after him, shouting, "Hang him!"
One man in the mob carried a long rope.
A policeman saw the disturbance, got the
Chinese man to a public house and sent him
to the South-side station. Later two Mitchell
street Chinamen applied at the South-side
station for lodging, being afraid to sleep in
their laundries. A Chinaman from No.
618 Chestnut street, the central station
for the same reason.
BADLY BRUISED AND IN CHAINS.
A Dakota Farmer Visited by White Caps
and His House Burned.
DOLAND, D. T., March 12.—Antoine
Belanger came to Layman to-day with a
chain fastened about his neck with a pad-
lock. He said that at his home, twenty
miles north of here, he was roused from
last night by a noise at the barn.
When he stepped out to investigate, five
masked men rushed on him with drawn re-
volvers and put the chain on his neck and
also a rope, and raised him twice to a
jolt of the barn, threatening to choke
him to death if he did not confess that
he burned his neighbor's house last
fall. To save his life he confessed. The
White Caps then bound his hands, blind-
folded him, took him to his home, broke
the furniture and poured kerosene over
everything. They took his money and
loaded him and his trunk into his wagon
behind the team. Two men on horseback
with drawn revolvers followed him east-
ward nine miles into the hills, while the
other three reduced his house to ashes. He
says he knows his persecutors and will
bring them to justice. He had nothing to
do with the burning of his neighbor's
house. Belanger was badly
bruised and frightened half to death.
A White Cap Outrage in Michigan.
JACKSON, Mich., March 12.—William
Cahoon, a wealthy farmer of Sandstone
village, received a White Cap notice to
make away a while ago, but paid no at-
tention to it. Last night a chain of buck-
shot was fired through his window, wound-
ing him in the leg. He gave chase, armed
with a revolver, to the shooter, but had to
give it up on account of his wound. He
says he knows the would-be murderer.
A Canadian Fugitive.
TORONTO, Ontario, March 12.—William
Bogess, a farmer, of Mimico, dis-
appeared, leaving liabilities estimated at
\$50,000. His indebtedness is mostly to
persons in Hamilton and Toronto.
A Mercantile's Just Punishment.
DETROIT, Mich., March 12.—Charles
Palmer, who was convicted of assaulting
Mrs. Pierson of Livonia, was sentenced to
twenty years in the Michigan State
prison this morning.
Terrible Forewarnings.
Cough in the morning, hurried or dif-
ficult breathing, racing pulse, tightness
in the chest, quickened pulse, chilliness
in the evening or sweats at night, all or
any of these things are the first stages of
consumption. Dr. Acker's English
Remedy for Consumption will cure these
fearful symptoms, and is sold under a
positive guarantee by Prentice & Ey-
nors, druggists.
Electric Bitters.
This remedy is becoming so well
known and so popular as to need no
special mention. All who have used
Electric Bitters sing the same song.—A
pure medicine does not exist and it is
guaranteed to do all that is claimed.
Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of
the Liver and Kidneys, will remove
Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other
affections caused by impure blood.—
Will drive Malaria from the system and
prevent as well as cure all Malarial fe-
vers.—For cure of Headache, Constipa-
tion and Indigestion try Electric Bitters.
Entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money
refunded.—Price 50 cents and \$1.00 per
bottle at F. S. Sizer's and Co's. Drug
store.

ORIENTAL BESTIALITY.
SHOCKING EVIDENCE AGAINST
MILWAUKEE MONGOLIANS.
The Little Victims on the Witness Stand
—Anti-Chinese Demonstrations—
—Dakota White Caps—Crimes.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., March 12.—The pre-
liminary hearing of the Chinamen charged
with enticing girls into their laundries for
immoral purposes was begun Wednesday
morning. The court ordered that all per-
sons whose presence was not necessary be
excluded from the court-room, and a cor-
don of police was thrown around the city
hall, which no one could pass except on
business. About 500 men and boys stood
around, being kept on the move by the
policemen, while every window in the
neighborhood was alive with the heads of
women. The crowd of the street was com-
posed wholly of curious spectators, many
like an intention to do violence being ex-
hibited. The prisoners were taken to court
early, before the crowd had collected, kept
in the jury room, during the noon recess,
and taken back to jail after the trial.
A bright-looking German girl, aged 13
years, who resides with her grandparents
on Fourth street, was the first witness ex-
amined. She testified that her mother was
killed by a bullet fired from a revolver
or January. He was on Fourth street
when she first saw him, at the other man's
laundry; another girl was with her. "I
have been there," she continued, "from
two to three times a week since January;
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One man in the mob carried a long rope.
A policeman saw the disturbance, got the
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S. C. BURNHAM,
REPAIRING ** NEATLY ** DONE
71 WEST MILWAUKEE ST.
JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN
C. E. BOWLES
REAL ESTATE
And Loan Agent.
Does a general brokerage business in the sale
of FARMERS' LAND and CITY PROPERTY, with
one regard for the interests of all parties.
Will NEGOTIATE LOANS at lowest
rates, and make all papers re-
lating to selling, leasing or conveying real
estate. OFFICE over Post Office.
JANESVILLE, WIS.

MILLINERY!
All the Latest Styles
OF
HATS, BONNETS AND
Millinery Goods,
AT
MRS. SADLER'S.
NORTH MAIN STREET.
BOWER CITY
LAUNDRY
Located next door to East Side En-
gine House, is now in full operation.
Orders or packages left at W. C.
Holmes', C. E. Brown's grocery, Harry
Ashley's barber shop, will re-
ceive prompt attention. Satisfac-
tion guaranteed.
BLAKLEY & JENKINS.

JAMES MORGAN,
386, 388 and 390 East Water St.,
(Branch)
CORNER VIET AND FIFTEENTH STS.,
Milwaukee, Wis.

TAILORS' STRIKE!
Is ended, and all our men are back in their old accustomed places, ready
to serve and please as ever. We have not been idle during the past two
weeks, but have been arranging for the Spring Campaign, which looks
promising now, in opening up the S'well line of
Suits, Overcoatings, Trousers
That we have ever shown. We have shown some nobby goods in the
past, but this springs selection eclipses all previous ones.

Furnishings.
All bright and fresh for the Spring of '89.
New Neckwear, Shirts, Gloves
And everything new at
KNEFF & ALLEN'S, East Enders.

THE
Gazette.

Gazette
Steam - Bindery,
IS NOW
Prepared to Do All Classes of Work
On short notice. The bindery makes
a specialty of
FINE - WORK
of all kinds of
Ruling and Blank Book
Work done to order.
Law Books, Magazines, Medi-
cal Works, Pamphlets
and all kinds of binding in any style
desired and at
PRICES TO CORRESPOND
With the quality of work. Call and
see us

B-I-N-D-E-R-Y.

LARGE LOT OF NEW STYLES!
OF
Baby - Carriages!
JUST RECEIVED AT
WHELOCK'S
Of the best and handsomest eastern
factories make. Selling cheap this
season, from
\$2.50 to \$35.00 EACH

MORGAN'S
Great Annual Sale
OF
Linens
IS NOW ON!
SEND For PRICE LIST
JAMES MORGAN,
386, 388 and 390 East Water St.,
(Branch)
CORNER VIET AND FIFTEENTH STS.,
Milwaukee, Wis.

HATS
We carry only the proper shapes and
never overload, consequently
keep this stock clean and
no "Old Timers" to palm off
on the unsophisticated
HATS

